

## LCS-ES Group Meeting 2

### Exercise 1: Java Identifiers and Naming Conventions

(a) For each of the following,

- Say whether it's a valid Java identifier.
- If it is, does it follow the naming conventions discussed in class?

Identifier	Valid?	Follows convention? (if not how might you fix it?)
letterCount		
MAX_SIZE		
Sandwich		
Tax-rate		
Tax_Rate		
3people		
this Is Fine		

(b) What might the following valid Java identifiers be used for? (“this is not a good identifier name” is not a necessarily a bad answer!)

Identifier	Use
listLength	
XYZ	
picklesaregreen	
msg	
temp	
firstRoot	
doubleHyphenPenalty	

## LCS-ES Group Meeting 2

### Exercise 2: Java source matching

Match each of the following five descriptions with the corresponding code snippet below.

Answer Table: A \_\_\_\_\_ B \_\_\_\_\_ C \_\_\_\_\_ D \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_

Descriptions

- A. This code computes an average
- B. The following code computes the circumference of a circle
- C. The following code computes the area of a circle
- D. The following code converts from Fahrenheit to Celsius
- E. The following code converts from Celsius to Fahrenheit

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public static void main(String [] args)
{
    // common declarations
    Scanner inputScanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    double temp1, temp2
    double r, result;
    int number1, number2, sum;

    // Code Snippet 1
    r = inputScanner.nextInt();
    result = Math.PI * Math.pow(r, 2);
    System.out.println("Answer = " + result );

    // Code Snippet 2
    temp1 = inputScanner.nextInt();
    temp2 = temp1 * 9/5 + 32;
    System.out.println("Answer = " + temp2 );

    // Code Snippet 3
    number1 = inputScanner.nextInt();
    number2 = inputScanner.nextInt();
    sum = number1 + number2;
    System.out.println("Answer = " + sum/2 );

    // Code Snippet 4
    temp1 = inputScanner.nextInt();
    temp2 = (temp1-32) * 5/9;
    System.out.println("Answer = " + temp2 );

    // Code Snippet 5
    r = inputScanner.nextInt();
    result = 2 * Math.PI * r;
    System.out.println("Answer = " + result );
}
```

## LCS-ES Group Meeting 2

### Exercise 3: Arithmetic expressions

Write Java code for the following expressions. Declare all variables to be of type `double`. (For (c), you might find it useful to declare an intermediate variables such as `discriminate`.) The Java math library includes the method `Math.sqrt`. For example, “`double x = Math.sqrt(2)`” assigns `x` the square root of 2.

- (a) The area of a right triangle (try to choose good variable names).
- (b) The height of a baseball tossed straight up into the air at time  $t$  assuming an initial velocity of  $v$ . The equation for its position is  $height = vt - \frac{1}{2}gt^2$ , where  $t$  is time and  $g$  is the acceleration due to gravity.
- (c) The roots of  $ax^2 + bx + c$  as given by the quadratic formula  $\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$